## **Spanish Ear Training**

Bonus Lessons – Sueño

## Tracks 3-6

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#### **Feature words**

soñar con – <u>to dream about</u> los angelitos – <u>the little angels</u> suena – <u>dream (informal command)</u> mundo – <u>world</u> soné – <u>I dreamed</u> Soñar - <u>to dream</u>

## **Track 3 transcription**

So far we have look at the noun, *the dream*. **El sueño** 

Listen the verb, *to dream*. **Soñar** 

Almost like the girls name, Sonya. **Soñar** 

Say, *to dream*. Soñar

In Spanish to say, *to dream about*, you say, to dream with. **Soñar con** 

Say, *to dream about*. **Soñar con** 

Say, to dream about Sonya. Soñar con Sonya

Say, *to dream about him*. **Soñar con él** 

Say, to dream about her. Soñar con ella

Say, *to dream about them*. **Soñar con ellos** 

Say, *to dream about them*, when they are all girls. **Soñar con ellas** 

Do you know how to say, *world*? **Mundo** 

Can you say, *a better world*? **Un mundo mejor** 

Say, *to dream about a better world*. **Soñar con un mundo mejor** 

Listen to, *the little angels*. Los angelitos

Say, *the little angels*. Los angelitos

Say, to dream about the little angels. **Soñar con los angelitos** 

Here's how you change the infinitive verb, *to dream* **Soñar** To the second person, *you dream*. **Sueña** 

Say, *you dream*. Sueña

That's the formal Spanish for, you dream. Without getting into too much grammar, you can also use it as an informal command, *dream*. **Sueña.** 

Say, *dream about the little angels*. **Sueña con los angelitos.** 

And tonight millions of Spanish speaking mothers will say that to their children. **Sueña con los angelitos.** 

Say, *dream with the little angels* Sueña con los angelitos

*my love*. **mi amor.** 

Say, *dream with the little angels, my love.* **Sueña con los angelitos, mi amor.** 

For those of you who have done my Shortcut to Spanish level 2 course, you should know how to change, *to dream* **Soñar** 

To say, *I dreamed*. **Soñé.** 

Say *I dreamed*. **Soñé.** 

Say, *I dream about a better world*. **Soñé con un mundo mejor.** 

How do you say, *last night*? **Anoche** 

Say, *last night I dream about a better world*. Anoche soñé con un mundo mejor.

Say, *last night I dreamed about him.* Anoche soñé con él.

Say, *last night I dreamed about her*. Anoche soñé con ella.

Say, *last night I dreamed about the work.* Anoche soñé con el trabajo.

# Track 4

<u>Feature words</u> Despierto - <u>I wake up (someone)</u> Me levanto – <u>I get up</u>

Me despierto – *I wake up (myself)* 

Each month, I'll show you different ways of using the so called reflexive verbs. In fact, I have identified 7 different ways these verbs are used. With a little guidance you can start using these verbs and understanding them much more deeply.

In the future, I'll make a Master class available just on this one topic. You see, a superficial understanding may get you through an exam, but you end up speaking in a very stilted fashion. Communicating and living Spanish requires understanding on a deeper level. That's why; we're working on making your understanding of Spanish intuitive and at the same time working on making your speech flow.

I'll help you strengthen your intuitive feel each month. Right now, before going on to the audio lessons, take a look at the explanation on the next page. It shows you how to understand the subtleties that these verbs communicate on a deeper level.

#### More about reflexive verbs with se

You've probably seen many verbs with the ending se, for example...

Levantarse	-	to pick onself up/to get up
Depertarse	-	to wake (onself) up

This is how you'll use them in the first person on track 4.

me despierto	-	I wake (myself) up
me levanto	-	I get (myself) up

These verbs are known academically as reflexive verbs. That's the way they are most commonly taught. (In English this is conveyed with yourself, himself, herself, itself, oneself, and ourselves etc.) Yet, this can be very confusing, because it only gives you part of the picture.

One of the ways to understand these verbs more clearly is with what I call two word verbs. Sometimes a reflexive verb in Spanish is better translated and better understood if it is matched with a two word verb (phrasal verb) in English.

For example, caerse – translated reflexively is - to fall oneself – how clunky. If, instead we use the two word verb **fall down**, it makes much more sense.

Ponerse la ropa – to put oneself the clothes – a very clumsy translation. However, with a two word verb - **put on -** it becomes perfectly clear, ponerse la ropa - To put on the clothes.

With this distinction, suddenly these reflexive verbs are not so confusing... They start to become clear and are more easily understood.

Sometimes the difference in meaning between verbs used reflexively and non-reflexively matches very neatly with English one and two word verbs.

Non Reflexive Duermo toda la noche Despedí a mi secretaria		One word verbs I sleep all night I fired my secretary
Probé la version 3.07 Reflexive		I tried version 3.07 two word verbs
Me duermo a las 6:00 Me despedí de mi mama Me probé la ropa	- - -	I fall asleep at 6:00 I said goodbye to my mom I tried on the clothes

## Track 4 - Transcript

Listen to the Spanish for, *I wake up*. **Despierto** 

Say, *I wake up*. **Despierto** 

Say, *I wake up the children*. **Despierto a los niños.** 

Did you remember the personal "a" we discussed intensively in Synergy Spanish? Again, say, *I wake up the children*. **Despierto a los niños.** 

Do you know how to say, *at 7 o'clock*? A las siete

Say, *I wake up the children at 7 o'clock*. **Despierto a los niños a las siete.** 

Say, *I wake up the children at 8 o'clock*. **Despierto a los niños a las ocho.** 

Say, *I wake up my wife*. **Despierto a mi esposa.** 

Say, *I wake up my wife at 6 o'clock*. **Despierto a mi esposa a las seis.** 

In English, I wake up can mean, I wake up somebody else or I wake up myself. But in Spanish you need to distinguish between waking up other people and waking your self up.

To talk about waking yourself up you say **Me despierto.** 

Say, *I wake myself up*. **Me despierto.** 

Say, *I wake myself up at 5 o'clock*. **Me despierto a las cinco.** 

Say, *I wake myself up early* or *I wake up early*. **Me diesperto temprano.** 

Say, *I wake up late*. **Me despierto tarde.** 

Say, *I wake up at 5 o'clock* **Me despierto a las cinco** 

*When I have to work.* **Cuando tengo que trabajar.** 

Say, *I wake up at 5 o'clock when I have to work.* **Me despierto a las cinco cuando tengo que trabajar.** 

In Spanish to say, *on the weekends*, you can just say, the weekends. Los fines de semana

Say, but on the weekends **Pero los fines de semana** 

*I don't wake up* **No me despierto** 

*Until 8 o'clock.* Hasta las ocho.

Say, *I don't wake up until 8 o'clock.* **No me despierto hasta las ocho.** 

Say, on the weekends I don't wake up until 8 o'clock. Los fines de semana no me despierto hasta las ocho.

Say, I wake up at 5 o'clock When I have to work. Me despierto a las cinco cuando tengo que trabajar.

But on the weekends **Pero los fines de semana** 

*I don't wake up until 8 o'clock.* **No me despierto hasta las ocho.** 

Those were quite complex sentences. If you got them first time, congratualtions! ;Felicidades!

If you didn't get it the first time, don't be too concerned. Just take some more practice and you'll find, after two or three more goes through this audio, that it'll becomes much easier.

Of course if, *I wake up* **Me despierto** Doesn't mean that, *I get up* **Me levanto** 

Like I wake up, I get up, is also reflex. In fact in Spanish you literally say, *I lift myself* **Me levanto.** 

Say, *I get up*. **Me levanto.** 

Say, *I wake up* Me despierto

*And I get up.* **Y me levanto.** 

Say, *I wake up and I get up*. **Me despierto y me levanto.** 

## Track 5

## **Feature words**

cama - <u>I wake up (someone)</u> sencila – <u>single</u>

doble – <u>double</u> gemela - <u>twin</u>

## **Track 5 transcription**

Say, *I wake up early*. **Me despierto temprano.** 

*But I get up late.* **Pero me levanto tarde.** 

Say, *I wake up early but I get up late.* **Me despierto temprano pero me levanto tarde.** 

Listen to the Spanish for, *bed*. cama

Say, *bed*. **cama** 

Say, *in the bed*. **en la cama** 

Say, *to read in the bed*. Leer en la cama

Say, *I like to read* **Me gusta leer** 

*In the bed.* **En la cama.** 

Say, *I like to read in the bed.* **Me gusta leer en la cama.** 

Say, *I wake up early* **Me despierto temprano** 

*But I get up late* **Pero me levanto tarde** 

Because Porque

*I like to read in the bed.* **Me gusta leer en la cama.** 

Say, *to make the bed*. Hacer la cama

Say, *I have to make the bed.* **Tengo que hacer la cama.** 

In a hotel you may want a *single bed*. **Cama sencilla** 

Say, *single bed*. **Cama sencilla** 

The Spanish word for *double* is very similar to English. **Doble** 

Say, *double*. **Doble** 

Say, *double bed*. **Cama doble** 

And in Spanish to say, *a king size bed*, you say, a matrimonial bed. **Cama matrimonial** 

Say, *full size bed*. **Cama matrimonial** 

Listen to the spanish for *twins*. Gemelos

And if the *twins* are girls. **Gemelas** 

Bed is a feminine word, so how would you say, *twin beds*? Camas gemelas

Say, *twin beds*. **Camas gemelas** 

Say, *there are twin beds* **Hay camas gemelas** 

In the room. En la habitacion.

Say, *there are twin beds in the room*. **Hay camas gemelas en la habitacion.** 

Say, *there are rooms with* **Hay habitaciones con** 

*Twin beds* Camas gemelas

Or double beds. O camas dobles.

Say, there are rooms with twin beds Hay habitaciones con camas gemelas

Or double beds. O camas dobles.

# Track 6

#### **Feature words**

invitado - <u>guest (friend)</u> dormir – <u>to sleep</u> por eso– <u>that's why</u> huésped – <u>guest (paying)</u> duermo – <u>I sleep</u>

#### Two Spanish words - One English Word

In English the word guest covers paying and non-paying guests. Following are some different types of non-paying guests and the Spanish translation;

house guest	—	invitado en casa
dinner guest	_	invitado a cenar

guest artist - artista invitado

When talking about a paying guest, a boarder or a lodger the Spanish word you will use is **huésped**.

## **Transcription track 6**

*Sofa* is written the same way in Spanish as English but in Spanish it has an accent over the "a" **Sofá** 

Say, *sofa*, **Sofá** 

And, although sofa ends in the letter "a", it is a masculine word, How would you say, *a sofa*? **Un sofá** 

Listen to, *a sofa bed*. **Un sofá cama** 

Say, *a sofa bed*. Un sofá cama

Say, *I have a sofa bed* **Tengo un sofá cama** 

*In my house.* **En mi casa.** 

Say, *I have a sofa bed in my house*. **Tengo un sofá cama en mi casa.** 

If you have a guest in your house, the Spanish word for *guest* is **Invitado** 

Say, *guest*. Invitado

Say, *for guests*. **Para invitados** 

Say, I have a sofa bed in my house **Tengo un sofá cama en mi casa** 

For guests. **Para invitados.** 

However, it's a different word for a *paying guest*. For example, a guest in a hotel **Huésped** 

Say, *guest*. **Huésped** 

Say, *guests*. **Huéspedes** 

Say, *the guests*. Los huéspedes

Say, *it is for the guests* **Es para los huéspedes** 

*Of the hotel.* **Del hotel.** 

Say, *it is for the guests of the hotel.* **Es para los huéspedes del hotel.** 

Do you know the spanish for, *to sleep*? **Dormir** 

Say, *to sleep*. **Dormir** 

Like the verb, *to dream*, **Soñar** *To sleep* changes in the first peron to **Duermo.** 

Say, *I sleep*. **Duermo** 

Say, *I don't sleep*. **No duermo** 

Very well Muy bien

Say, *I don't sleep very well* **No duermo muy bien** 

*In the sofa bed.* **En el sofá cama.** 

Say *I don't sleep very well in the sofa bed.* **No duermo muy bien en el sofá cama.** 

*I wake up.* **Me despierto.** 

Say, *I wake up a lot.* **Me despierto mucho.** 

Say, *I don't sleep very well*. **No duermo muy bien.** 

*I wake up a lot* **Me despierto mucho** 

In the night. **En la noche.** 

Say, *I wake up often* or *I wake up many times* **Me despierto muchas veces** 

*During* **Durante** 

*The night.* La noche.

Say, *during the night*. **Durante la noche** 

*I don't sleep very well.* **No duermo muy bien.** 

*I wake up many times* **Me despierto muchas veces** 

*During the night.* **Durante la noche.** 

Listen to the spanish for, *that's why*. **Por eso** 

Say, *that's why* **Por eso** 

# *Always* **Siempre**

*I am sleepy*. **Tengo sueño.** 

Say, *I am always sleepy*. Siempre tengo sueño.

Say, *that's why* **Por eso** 

*I am always sleepy.* **Siempre tengo sueño.** 

Say, that's why I am always sleepy. **Por eso siempre tengo sueño.** 

Say, *I don't sleep very well*. **No duermo muy bien.** 

*I wake up often* **Me despierto muchas veces** 

*During the night.* **Durante la noche.** 

That's why I am always sleepy Por eso siempre tengo sueño

*During the day.* **Durante el dia.** 

In Spanish to say, *I go to sleep* or *I fall asleep*, You say, I sleep myself. **Me duermo.** 

Say, *I fall asleep*. **Me duermo.** 

Say, *I go to sleep*. **Me duermo.** 

Say, *I go to sleep at 10 o'clock* **Me duermo a las diez** 

*And I get up* **Y me levanto** 

At 6 o'clock. A las seis.

Say, *I go sleep at 10 o'clock* **Me duermo a las diez** 

*And I get up at 6 o'clock.* **Y me levanto a las seis.** 

Say, *sometimes* A veces

*I fall asleep* Me duermo

*On the sofa.* **En el sofá.** 

Did you remember that sofa is a masculine word?

Again, say, *on the sofa*. **En el sofá** 

Say, sometimes I fall asleep A veces me duermo

On the sofa En el sofá

And altogether say, *sometimes I fall asleep on the sofa*. **A veces me duermo en el sofá.** 

*until next month* Hasta el proximo mes